

[THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1772.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL

Containing the freshest ADVICES,

(685)

T H E



[NUMB. 1543.]

JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE COFFEE-HOUSE.

Assize of BREAD, published 18th of Dec. 1771.
Flour at 22s. 9d. per Ct.
A White Loaf of finest Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz.
for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11
for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Bushel	8s. 3d.	Beef per Barrel	65s. od.
Flour	23s. od.	Pork	5s. 10s. od.
Brown Bread	24s. od.	Salt	2s. 6d. to 3s. 10d.
West-India Rum	4s. od.	Bohea Tea	4s. od.
New-England ditto	3s. 6d.	Chocol. per Dom.	18s. od.
Muscovado Sugar	5s. 6d.	Bees Wax	1s. od.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. od.	Indian Corn	4s. 3d. Bushel
Molasses	1s. 8d.	Wood	2ss. to 3ss. od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S
RISING and SETTING, till Thursday next.

	Age	High Water	Rises	H. M.	Setts	H. M.
THURSDAY	1	9	after 4	53	before 8	53
FRIDAY	2	10	4	53	8	53
SATURDAY	3	11	4	54	8	54
SUNDAY	4	12	4	55	8	55
MONDAY	5	1	4	56	8	56
TUESDAY	6	2	4	57	8	57
WEDNESDAY	7	3	4	58	8	58

Days 14 Hours 16 Min. the 30th.

JOHN C. KNAPP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, DE B. R.

At his OFFICE in BROAD-STREET:

CONSTANTLY attends, and on the usual easy Fees gives
the most candid Opinion and Advice, as well in all
Cases of Law and Equity, as on Wills, Deeds, and other
Writings, strictly agreeable to the Letter of the Law, and
such plain Reasons laid down in Support thereof, as to give
the desired Satisfaction, and thereby prevent the commencing
or defending those Suits, which only can be productive of
Trouble and Expence, many Times to Persons in low Cir-
cumstances utter Ruin.

Writings and Conveyances of every Kind, drawn effectually
to answer the Purposes intended, the Charge thereof will at all
Times be governed by Circumstances:—And many little ne-
cessary Instruments, brought within the Compass of One
Dollar.

Letters of Attorney, Certificates, and other Papers perfect-
ed under the City Seal, or otherwise, as the Case may re-
quire:—Debts recovered at most Times without Law; and
Persons assisted to recover their Property in England, or other
distant Parts.

Executors and Administrators advised and instructed in the
due Execution of their Office, whereby to avoid the great
Trouble and Expence which frequently happens from the
Want of Knowledge therein.

See-faring Men, and other Strangers, who often meet with
Difficulty in Matters not altogether relative to the Law, will
be particularly assisted.—Many have experienced the effec-
tual Difference, between settling little Differences in an ami-
cable Manner, to carrying them into Law, where Loss of
Time, great Expence, and long Uncertainty of Mind, are the
attendant Consequences.

Those Persons who please to favour this Office, in
lending out their Money, may depend a due Regard will at
all Times be paid to their Interest.—And as the real Utility
of a public Office like this, depends on Punctuality, the
most immediate Dispatch of Business, and giving easy Access
to the Commonalty, in Point of Fees, &c. those Requisites
shall be duly observed, by the Publick's

Much obliged, and very obedient Servant,
JOHN C. KNAPP.
23d July, 1772.

To be fold for Want of EMPLOY,
A LIKELY middle aged Negro WENCH, who can wash,
iron, spin, sew, and do all manner of house work,
and is a pretty good cook. Inquire of the printer. 42 43

WATCHES, HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN; CLOCKS.

ASTRONOMICAL, Musical or
Plain, with Weights or Springs, repaired, as cheap as
by any Person in this City, by JAMES YEOMAN,
(at the Sign of the White Dial, nearly opposite the Mer-
chant's Coffee-House) who received his Instructions in the
Business from the ingenious Mr. Neale, (whose great Know-
ledge in Mechanics was well known) he can with Propriety
declare himself a real Manufacturer, having had the Gov-
ernment of a large Manufactory from its Infancy to its
Maturity, one Hundred Miles from London.

The above is not the Result of Vanity or Parade, for should
it be doubted, proper Testimonials shall be produced, to
prove the Assertion:—As it is the sole Will of the said
James Yeoman, to obtain favour, only proportioned to the
Knowledge he has, and the Satisfaction he affords in his
Business—on those foundations he submits his Reputation,
as an Artificer, to the Judgment of the Impartial. —27

WETHERSFIELD.

WHEREAS his present Majesty King George the third,
by his letters patent, under the great seal of the pro-
vince of New-York, hath granted to certain persons therein
named, ALL that certain tract or parcel of land, situate,
lying and being on the west side of Connecticut river, in the
county of Cumberland, within the province of New-York;
beginning on the west bank of Connecticut river, at the
south east corner of the township of Windsor, and runs from
thence along the southernmost bounds of Windsor, north
twenty four degrees west, four hundred and eighty chains;
thence south twelve degrees, west four hundred and eighty
chains, to a tract of land commonly called and known by
the name of Springfield; thence along the northernmost
bounds of the last mentioned tract of land, south seventy
eight degrees, east four hundred and eighty chains, to Con-
necticut river; thence northerly along the said river, as it
winds and turns, to the southeast corner of Windsor, where
this tract first began; containing twenty one thousand and
five hundred acres, and the usual allowance for highways,
including a tract of five hundred acres of land granted to
Lieutenant Thomas Etherington; and containing, including
the said tract last mentioned, and four lots granted in trust
for public uses, the quantity of twenty three thousand acres,
and the usual allowance for highways; and hath erected the
same into a township by the name of WETHERSFIELD.
And whereas a grant of the same tract of land was hereto-
fore pretended to be made by a certain instrument, under
the great seal of the province of New-Hampshire unto
Gideon Lyman, Esq; Daniel Lyman, Esq; Daniel Lyman,
jun. Joseph Little, Medad Lyman, Samuel Miles, Samuel
Miles, jun. Enos Allen, James Rice, Joseph Trowbridge,
Rowell Woodward, Thomas Trowbridge, Abraham
Thompson, jun. Phineas Lyman, Esq; Abraham Thomp-
son, Jacob Thompson, Stephen Allen, Gideon Lyman, jun.
James Storer, Sylvanus Bishop, Samuel Bishop, jun. John
Mix, John Pierpoint, John Bradley, jun. Phineas Bradley,
Elijah Lyman, John Cornwall, Lemuel Hotchkiss, John
Nelson, Jonah Bradley, Heskiah Parmelee, jun. John Aus-
tin, Israel Munson, Joel Gilbert, Joseph Thompson, Caleb
Gilbert, Joseph Dorman, Joseph Wooden, Timothy Pot-
ter, Ebenezer Johnson, Selah Wright, Naomi Lyman, J. M.
Lyman, jun. Gad Lyman, Benjamin Sheldon, William
Cannada, Reuben Wright, Phineas Lyman, Eleazar Burr,
Elnathan Wright, Ephraim Wright, jun. Theodore Atkin-
son, Esq; M. H. Wentworth, Esq; Bidad Wright, Elias
Lyman, Nathaniel Phelps, Benjamin Wentworth, John
Wentworth, Esq; John Nelson Merch, H. Hall Went-
worth, Wiseman Clagget, Esq; and Theodore Atkinson,
jun.—and to be erected into a township of that province by
the name of WETHERSFIELD.—And whereas it is in-
tended that all persons interested in any of the said lands,
under the said pretended grant (except as is herein after
excepted) should upon the terms and under the provisions
herein after mentioned, be enabled to obtain a good title
to their several shares and interests therein, under the grant
thereof issued under the great seal of the Province of New-
York.—PUBLIC NOTICE is therefore hereby given, to all
the persons above-mentioned to whom the said pretended
grant was originally made as aforesaid; and to all other per-
sons respectively, possessed of or interested in any of the said
lands, by, from, or under any of them; that all and singu-
lar their several interests respectively, in the said tract of
land, under the said pretended grant, shall be confirmed to
them respectively, under the said grant thereof made as
aforesaid, under the great seal of the province of New-
York (except a lot of five hundred acres, granted by his
Majesty to the aforesaid Thomas Etherington, and certain
lots granted for public uses as aforesaid), provided they ap-
ply for the same respectively, to the subscriber, of New-
Haven, in the county of New-Haven, in the colony of Con-
necticut, within one year after this notification, paying to
him their respective proportions of all fees, charges, and dis-
bursements, with the lawful interest thereof, which have or
shall arise and grow due by reason of the suing out the said
letters patent; together with the costs and charges of the
deeds and conveyances to be made to them respectively.

DAVID WOOSTER.

New-Haven, July 10, 1772.

ROAD LOTTERY.

WHEREAS the drawing of this lottery was appointed
to begin the first of this instant July, and the managers
not having been informed whether some of the tickets sent
to the neighbouring colonies for sale, are disposed of or not;
they have therefore thought best to postpone the drawing till
the twenty-seventh instant, when it will certainly begin;
and as the time is near at hand, it is desired of all persons
who have had the disposal of tickets, to make return's with-
out fail by that day.

Some tickets still on hand, may be had at the usual places.

TO BE LET,

And enter'd upon immediately, furnished or
unfurnished.

THREE genteel Rooms, one on the first and two on the
second Floor, all fronting the Street, with Fire Places
in two of them; and a Cellar adjoining: They are fit for a
Merchant or Shop-keeper, and may be seen by applying to
ABRAHAM COCK, Cooper, next Door to Mr. Jasper Drake,
at Beekman's-Ship.

To be SOLD,

A Well made healthy Negro Man, about 25 Years of
Age; has been used to the Business of a Family, and
is sold for want of Employ. Inquire of the Printer. 41-44

WARSAW, (in Poland) April 15.

EVERY thing here shews that some affairs of great
consequence are upon the carpet, and it is thought
something new will break out. It is however cer-
tain, that the Russian forces increase daily in this
kingdom; that Polish Prussia and Great Poland swarm with
Prussian troops, and that according to advices from Craco-
via, a considerable body of Austrians has entered Poland on
that side with some heavy artillery. These circumstances
seem to have spread a consternation among the Confederates,
who hardly know where they are; and it is said they no
longer receive their subsidy paid them monthly by a certain
court. Six new Prussian regiments are arrived, and it is re-
ported that the King of Prussia will come in June to the
camp at Marienwerder. It is thought that the presence of
the Prussian monarch in Poland will be a means of putting
an end to our troubles.

Copenhagen, (Denmark) May 2. The day after the execu-
tion of Struensee and Brandt, the Scaffold was taken down
by the executioner's valets. Counsellor Struensee is now re-
leased from his chains, and none of the other state prison-
ers have, as yet, been conducted to the citadel. A de-
tachment of dragoons have entered Aalborg.

Paris, (France) May 4. The last advices from St. Do-
mingo import, that some misunderstanding has arisen be-
tween the French and Spaniards relative to their possessions
in that island. The Spaniards attempted to do themselves
justice with respect to some district in dispute, where they
plundered the habitations of the French, who immediately
made reprisals; in consequence of which the two parties
came to blows, and many were killed and wounded on both
sides; but from the harmony which subsists between the two
nations, it is hoped this affair will be attended with no ill
consequences.

LONDON.

April 30. They write from Paris, that M. de Grimaldi,
brother to the bishop of Mans, has begun a process against
the Prince of Monaco, claiming that principality: The latter
being defended only from a female branch, it is appre-
hended by many, that the former will carry his point.

The Hon Mr. Chetwynd, son of Lord Chetwynd, has
accepted of a commission in a regiment now at Quebec,
and is set out for that place.

Letters from Normandy intimate, that if affairs in Jer-
sey and Guernsey be not regulated soon, the people may
form a resolution to change their masters.

The serjeants belonging to the East-India company, have
received orders for raising three thousand recruits with all
expedition, and many are gone to Scotland and Ireland for
that purpose.

It is said that no less than nine messengers arrived yester-
day evening at St. James's, with express from foreign
courts, among which were two from Berlin.

A correspondent assures us, that all frigates and sloops,
from 26 to 16 guns each, are to be kept in commission and
employed in useful services, as dispatches, advice-boats, &c.

They write from Minorca, that the commerce of that
island continues greatly to increase, inasmuch that they have
now upwards of 100 sail of ships employed in carrying on
trade with the several ports and islands in the Mediterranean.

Letters from Florence advise, that bread and corn is in
such plenty there, that the bakers in that city were ordered
by authority to add four ounces to every loaf.

The Mayor and corporation of Coventry have sent spiri-
ted instructions to their friends in parliament, on account of
the distresses of the poor, occasioned by the present high
price of provisions.—We wish to see this example followed
by other corporations.

May 2. Politics were opened at two Coffee-houses yesterday, on
the Queen of Denmark, twenty guineas to receive one hundred, if
she arrives alive in England within a year.

They write from Cadix, that the Rovers of Barbary have of
late been very troublesome on the coast, all ships, that have not
proper passports, going in or out of the bay, are in danger of being
taken.

A motion was made in the Commons for reading a second time
the Bill for regulating the Affairs of the East-India Company,
which was carried in the affirmative on a division, 53 against 41,
and the Bill was committed for next Monday.

We are informed that this morning his Excellency the Russian
Ambassador notified in form to our Court, that a suspension of
arms has actually taken place between the Turks and the Russians,
and that a congress is already begun.

Extract of a letter from Bristol, Saturday afternoon, half
past two.

"The messenger returned from London last night with the late
act of Parliament; when Britain was acquainted with this, he
requested that he might be allowed to take his trial, which accord-
ingly came on this morning early; and he is this moment found
guilty upon the first indictment for forgery, and will certainly be
hanged. He interrogated and cross-examined the witnesses him-
self with great acuteness, and through the whole trial betrayed a
most daring resolute disposition."

May 6. General Strode's gallant conduct at Carricksfergus
against Thurot, will stand him in good stead, at the present crisis
of his affairs.

The friends of a noble Nabob give out, that a certain Govern-
ment's mouth is now shut; and that we shall hear no more of his
accusations.

Should the French King die of his present illness, it is appre-
hended that Lord North's prophecy of ten year's peace will be sub-
sided, in less than the space of one: Lewis would carry with him
all pacific measures to his grave. Nothing but a war can relieve
France from her present wretched condition.

Many of Sir George Saville's admirers, are surprised that he
has declined sitting to inquire into the oppressions of Bengal. His

natural love of liberty and justice, entitle mankind to expell from him an arbitrary tyrant, wherever it is found.

Colonel Barre seems more cool in the inquiry, than at the beginning; and Sir William Meredith complains much of the present easterly wind.

On Monday last arrived the Ship Samson, Captain Henry Coupar, in 6 Weeks and 4 Days from the Downs, by whom we have the following Advices,

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.
OSMAN Effendi and **Reis Effendi Osman Bey**, who have been named Ministers Plenipotentiary from the Porte at the future Congress at Bucharest, have already made preparations for their departure, as have the officers who are to attend them. The slow dispositions making here for carrying on the war, give reason to suppose that the Porte has little thoughts but that the Congress will terminate in peace. The Ministers from Vienna and Berlin have frequent conferences with the Ministers of the Grand Signor, which are almost always held in the night.

Warsaw, May 9. The Prussian troops have entered Lissa, where they have placed a garrison of 40 men. Gen. Anhalt, being arrived in the district of Polesna with 75 squadrons, sent an officer to Zany, to desire the Confederates there to retire immediately; on their refusing to comply with this order, they were instantly attacked, and cut to pieces on the spot. After this expedition, the Prussians pursued their march to Petrikau. They are now actually blocking up Kosen, a castle situated on the frontiers of Silesia, which the Confederates have fortified.

On the other hand, the Austrians continue to advance in this kingdom. They are at present in the districts of Sanock and Sandeck, and, 'tis said, they intend to extend themselves in Podolia, and occupy Halicz.

Warsaw, May 16. The Russians entirely defeated a corps of Confederates lately near Zaskroczin, commanded by Lasocki, who was made prisoner with a great number of his men, and 150 Confederates were left dead on the spot.

L O N D O N.

Office of Ordnance, May 26. The King has been pleased to direct, that for the future the Captain-Lieutenants in the royal regiment of artillery and corps of engineers shall have rank, as well in the army as in their respective corps, as Captains; that the present Captain-Lieutenants shall take the said rank from this day, and all future Captain-Lieutenants from the date of their respective commissions.

June 1. Letters from Vienna take notice of a difference which has lately arisen between the courts of Austria and Berlin, about the Silesian and Bohemian trade, touching which their respective subjects have quarrels daily.

A letter from Danzick concludes thus: "An army of 50,000 Austrians has just entered Poland; for what purpose is a secret."

Extract of a letter from Warsaw, May 20.

"The affairs of the Confederates are at present in a most critical situation, and every day some of their members desert them. Marshal Zarembo, one of their principal chiefs, has surrendered with all his corps, consisting of 2000 men, to the Russian Colonels Lapuchin and Drewitz. The following were the conditions granted them. Mr. Zarembo and his general officers, after engaging upon oath not to be any more concerned in any Confederacy, are to come and reside here. The other officers, who are gentlemen, are permitted to stay in the country, giving security for their peaceable behaviour. The Polish soldiers are to be incorporated in a body of the King's Uhlans, and the hussars, or other foreigners, are to go into the service of Russia. Prince Augustus de Sulkowski is likewise determined to quit the Confederacy; and it is generally thought that his example will be followed by that of several other chiefs of the Confederates.

"The custom house which the Russians had established at Marienwarder is abolished; so that the trade of Danzick resumes its former vigour."

A private letter from Paris, May 18.

"A certain mighty power of Europe has sent word to the Confederates of Poland, that if they would agree to have a King upon the throne, according to his pleasure, meaning the Chevalier Charles Stuart, now King of Corsica, he would assist them to the full extent of his power and influence. A nobleman went through a certain city of France, in his way to London, the 8th of this month, when he carried the intelligence, that the pretender very soon will be proclaimed King of Corsica."

June 5. They write from the Hague, that his Prussian Majesty, at the head of 10,000 troops, entered the city of Warsaw, in Poland, on the 2d of May last, and that an interview was immediately had between his Majesty and the King of Poland.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint first Lieutenant Thomas Hofmer, to be Captain-Lieutenant in the royal regiment of artillery, in the room of Captain-Lieutenant Carden, who has resigned; and second Lieutenant Edward Page is appointed first Lieutenant in the room of Lieutenant Hofmer.

The King of Denmark and the Hereditary Prince, we hear, are gone to Fredericksburgh for the summer season, and Queen Matilda and her daughter remain much indisposed with the measles, at the castle of Cronenbourg.

A letter from Edinburgh, dated June 1, says, "This afternoon no less than 48 families of poor

Highland people arrived at Leith from the north, in their way to Glasgow. They give out, that several opulent drovers have engrossed all the farms where they got all their living, and turned them into pasture; on which account they were obliged to dispose of what they had, and intend emigrating to North-America.

June 6. From Warsaw, May 13. A very great stroke in politics, which has been kept a profound secret for a long time, will be made public here on the first of June next, which will surprise all Europe.

The Imperial Army in Poland have already possessed themselves of Pucutia and Halicz, while Lieutenant General Elmp occupies Grodno in Lithuania. The following is given us as a faithful translation of a letter sent by the Queen of Denmark to Sir Robert Keith, a few days before her trial, which was intercepted by the officer of the guard.

"To Sir Robert Keith, Envoy from Great Britain.

"From the first day of my captivity I foresaw that the rage of my enemies would inflict upon the loss of my liberty or my life. I am perfectly resigned to my fate either way. But the thought of my reputation being tarnished, and my dear children being abandoned to the mercy of a people unjustly prejudiced against a legitimacy of their birth, overwhelms me with the most poignant grief. Has the . . . my brother, then, abandoned me? Great God, will not one, then, avenge my innocence and my memory? I doubt whether my mercilefs Argus will suffer this letter to reach you: In case you receive it, continue to do me all the good offices in your power. I shall never forget the zeal which you have testified in the cause of innocence, and if ever heaven should restore me to the rank and pre-eminence from which I have been so unjustly degraded, you shall have more certain proofs of my gratitude. Oh! were I in England, my dear country, where the meanest criminal has the privilege of being tried by his Peers! Am I forgot by the whole universe? I am greatly fallen away, and my health is much impaired, since I have been immured within these walls. There is not any single person about me whom I do not suspect, and I despair of ever recovering my liberty. For the love of God, endeavour to visit me: the time approaches when my trial will take place, but my sentence is already determined.

"I pray God to take you under his holy protection. Cronenbourg, April 11, 1792. MATILDA."

The King having been pleased to promote to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel by Brevet, a considerable number of Majors, who obtained that rank before the end of the year 1764, an official letter has been sent to all such Majors on half pay, as have not applied for employment, informing them, that if they propose to be comprehended in the said promotion, they are to return to actual service, and apply through the Secretary at War to his Majesty.

The bill for allowing a drawback upon the exportation of tea to Ireland, and his Majesty's Colonies in America, was on the 1st of June read the third time in the House of Lords.

The Commander in Chief of the men of war, stationed in the Mediterranean, has sent for a reinforcement of ships, to enable him to protect our trade in those seas, as it now swarms not only with Spanish men of war, but with Barbary Corsairs, and that he suspects the latter have a design upon our merchant ships.

Advice is received of an insult being given by a large Spanish man of war in the Straits, to an English frigate.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, May 18.

"The most material charges against the Count de Brandt, recited in his sentence, are, these:— "He used to quarrel with the King, and would require satisfaction from his master, when he ought to have received from him with repentance his well deserved reproaches for the crimes he had formerly committed; and have withdrawn from his presence, rather than have provoked him so often.

"On the contrary, he concerted with his friend Struensee, when and how he should attack the King; and what arms he should make use of for that purpose; he actually got them in readiness, although, after mature deliberation, he did not make use of them.

"After Struensee had given him notice that the King was alone, and that it was time, he entered fully resolved to be revenged of his Majesty, dismissed the two young men who were in the apartment, and shut the door, that nobody should come in to oppose him, or divert him from his design, or engage the King to put a stop to his speeches or actions.

"On this occasion he wounded his Majesty in the neck, bit one of his fingers, and forgot himself so far towards his benefactor and his King, as to utter words that are not fit to be repeated.

"The Count de Brandt alleges in his defence, that the King had forgiven him that crime; but supposing that to be true, it meant no more than that his Majesty was pleased to bear for a while such an action from one of his subjects: but he had nothing to shew that could prove how far that pardon extended, of which the King alone is able to judge."

Extract of a letter from Stads, May 19.

"The arrival of her Danish Majesty is still uncertain, the ships that are appointed to bring and

convoy her are not arrived in the Sound, however every thing is already prepared for her Majesty's reception; his Excellency Baron de Bodenhausen has the necessary direction to receive her with the greatest honour and dignity as the Queen of Denmark. The order is to salute her Majesty from the Castle with 100 cannons. The servants belonging to her Majesty's kitchen, consisting of three pages and seven footmen, with three baggage waggon, are already arrived."

June 6. The notice which Sir Edward Walpole has given of the Duke of Gloucester's marriage exceedingly embarrasses the administration, as sensible men observe a shameful partiality in receiving one brother with the highest marks of deference, though guilty of the same action, for which another has suffered accumulated disgrace in the full face of the community.

The Austrian troops in Poland, by the last advices from Cracow, had already taken possession of upwards of 100 towns, besides castles and villages; and they met with no resistance in their progress.

Yesterday the corn exportation bill was brought back to the House of Commons from the Lords with amendments, which was ordered to be read, and after undergoing some very severe animadversion it was rejected *non. con.*

In a short time after the game bill underwent the same fate, with this difference, however, that the principle on which it was rejected underwent some discussion. Not one of the ministerial members said a word in opposition to this measure.

The motives assigned by the house for rejecting both bills were, that the house of Lords had no right to alter any bill, by which money was to be levied on the subject.

In the debate on the latter it was urged, that money levied by way of penalty could not be properly looked on in that light; to which Mr. Solicitor General replied, it was not the sum to be levied, nor the manner of levying it, but the precedent which it might establish, and the doctrines and principles it might hereafter maintain; and concluded by remarking, that it was not for 40s. that the glorious Hampden contended, but for the property, liberties, and privileges of his countrymen.

This affair took up near two hours; the principal speakers were Governor Pownall, Mr. Burke, Mr. T. Townsend, Lord John, and Lord James Cavendish, Mr. Dempster, Mr. Solicitor-General, Captain Phipps, and the Speaker.

Sir Fletcher Norton protested before he put the question yesterday, on the corn and game bills, that he was sincerely for throwing them both over the table, and when they were rejected, he was as good as his word, for he tossed them into the very middle of the house.

So strong a sense have the House of Commons of the inattention, nay, the contempt shewn to them, by the other house, in a number of particulars, that as the rejected bills lay yesterday on the floor, where the Speaker had thrown them, several of the members, on going out before the house broke up, kicked them about, and tore them with their feet.

Yesterday Mr. Dempster moved for an inquiry into the motives for laying aside the prosecution of our discoveries towards the South Pole. The speakers referred him to the treasury bench, but Lord North and all his colleagues were as still as night, and there the affair dropped.

Extract of a letter from Altena, dated May 22.

"Letters from Copenhagen, dated the 19th of May, mention that all the State prisoners, except the Counsellor of State Struensee, and Foltenstield, who are to remain prisoners for life. Every thing concerning this revolution in the affair is now quite settled. It is said that Sir Murray Keith, the British Minister, has been offered in a public company, in consequence of which a quarrel ensued between him and a Danish Earl, when both parties agreed to determine it by a duel, which ended in the death of the Danish Earl; but as the name of the Danish Nobleman is not mentioned in these advices, we do not give an implicit credit to this rumour."

Letters from Poland, by Monday's mail, lament the misfortune likely to be attendant on that country since the entry of the troops of Prussia and Austria. These (say these letters) together with the Russians already here, will soon put a stop to the efforts of the Confederates, but will, doubtless, afterwards dismember that happy and exhausted kingdom, by each party taking that which shall appear convenient to add to their respective dominions.

A great and amiable Lady in this kingdom is said to keep up a literary correspondence with a disgraced great Lady in the North. It is said that the Imperial, Russian, and Prussian ministers at this court have avowed to our ministry the intentions of their respective Sovereigns towards Poland, in consequence of a triple alliance and engagement between those high powers; in which the partition of that distressed kingdom among them, by a division, is already determined, and reciprocally acceded to.

We are assured that the Courts of Vienna, Petersburg, and Berlin, have notified in form to the King of Poland, the engagements of those Crowns with each other respecting that kingdom; and in case of his full submission thereto, have offered a guarantee to him of the quiet possession of his throne during life. His Polish Majesty is indulged to the 1st of August to give his ultimate answer to this important proposition.

The report of the second revolution at Copenhagen gains no credit at either end of the town with the intelligent.

Oxford, May 30. The Rev. Dr. Miles Cooper, President of the College of New-York, in America, having some time ago applied to the Members of this University, and other learned bodies, for a benefaction of books for the use of the library just instituted in the Forefield College; the University generously made a present of a copy of all the valuable and scarce works which have for several years past been printed at the Clarendon press. To this handsome benefaction, many gentlemen have also added several useful books from their private collections.

P. H. I. L. A. D.

Since our last arrived by Rico, by whom we learn number of English sailors were seized by the Spaniards, and were imprisoned, and we Captain Smith, of Antigua, in the capacity of a the ill usage of the Spaniards.

Capt. Russell, from Dominica, with the squadron of artillery from Dominica, arrived at St. Vincent's, regiment daily expected, line to keep the Indians in cation with the French, them to be troublesome.

July 27. From Charleston that on Saturday, the 18th committed within a few miles North-America for his deal considerable quantity of money, yet found, or his dogs and was taken, with the saddle have been since apprehended.

Capt. Gregory, from schooner from New-York before he failed, but could obliging obliged to perform qu

N E W - Y

Captain Coupar left Capt. Miller, and wh Ships London, Capt. Gordon, Capt. Winmer, belonging to this Sparks, of Philadelphia June, and failed for his passage spoke the 26th, Lat. 41. 32. Sloop belonging to Bo 36, Long. 34. 4. a S La Vera Cruz to Cad Long. 39. 44. the Sling to Bolton; and a long to New-York Jarvis had made 100 Lat. 40. 27. Long. 6 Virginia, bound to 33, Long. 64. 23, the pin, from Portsmouth Brig Betsey, Capt. W nia, bound to Lisbon.

With Capt. Coupar gers, viz. Mr. Dickfor Mr. Barrow, Mr. Ab Mr. Kelley, Mr. Be Mr. and Mrs. Hill, Mr ray, Mr. Balls, and N

A R R
 At Dover, Sufanna, Thom
 Cruis, Russia Merch
 Deal, Hesperwell, Ash
 Portsmouth, Concord, Bro
 Gravesend, Carolina Pack
 Cambridge, Falmouth, M
 Amsterdam, Trial, Plafet
 Gravesend, Thomas, Gals
 Liverpool, Constant Cou

Custom House, New
 Sloop Betsey, D. Lovett
 and Hope, W. Russell, fr
 guson; and Charlotte, J.
 Packet, W. Chambers, Ne
 and Dolphin, P. Laitie, H
 Schooner Charming Polly,
 Samson, H. Coupar, Lond
 Cattle; Prince of Wales, C
 laware, Snow Hope, G.
 Greyhound, C. Dyer, Viri

FOR L O

Th
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 freight or passage apply to
 or fail matter.
 July 29th, 1792.

FIVE DOLL

RUN away from the fu church, New-York, t named Ann Miller, of a f and a black beard on her thirty years old; had on wh coat, and a flowered line with'd almost white, a whi neck, and took with her a bl gown, a blue and white br blue worsted stockings, and Elizabeth Curry, about eigh plemion, freckled in the blue and white homespun p of a red ground, a diamond handkerchief, about her neck head; and took with her a and redish brown spotted each, leather shoes and for they went off with Mr. Hear of the same time towards K the Jersey. Any person th away, shall have the abo whigs paid them; and all harbour on conceal them, them off, at their peril.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22.

Since our last arrived here Captain Lawrence, from Porto Rico, by whom we learn, that there were at that place a number of English sailors, and two Captains, whose vessels were seized by the Spaniards, under frivolous pretences, they imprisoned, and were dying by inches; and that one Captain Smith, of Antigua, who formerly sailed out of this port in the capacity of a mate, died there in May last, by the ill usage of the Spaniards.

Capt. Russell, from Dominica, informs, that Admiral Man, with the Squadron under his command, the troops and artillery from Dominica, Granada, and other islands, were arrived at St. Vincent, where with the assistance of other regiments daily expected, it was said, they were to form a line to keep the Indians in awe, and to stop their communication with the French, who had several times instigated them to be troublesome to the English settled in that island.

July 27. From Charleston, in Maryland, we are informed, that on Saturday, the 18th instant, a most inhuman murder was committed within a few miles of that place, on the body of Mr. William Simpson, a gentleman from Georgia, on his travels thro' North-America for his health. He was supposed to have had a considerable quantity of money about him, which induced the villain or villains to perpetrate this horrid crime. The body is not yet found, or his bags and papers; but the horse on which he rode was taken, with the saddle all bedewed with blood.—Two men have been since apprehended and committed to Charleston goal on suspicion of the above murder.

Capt. Gregory, from Barcelona, acquaints us, that a schooner from New-York, arrived at Barcelona three days before he sailed, but could not learn the master's name, being obliged to perform quarantine.

NEW-YORK, July 30.

Captain Coupar left at London, the Britannia, Capt. Miller, and while he lay in the Downs, the Ships London, Captain Chambers; Dutchess of Gordon, Capt. Winn; Lady Gage, Capt. Farmer, belonging to this Port; and ———, Captain Sparks, of Philadelphia, passed him on the 6th of June, and failed for London. Capt. Coupar in his passage spoke the following Vessels, viz. June 26th, Lat. 41. 32. Long. 31. 56. a whaling Sloop belonging to Borken. June 27th, Lat. 41. 36. Long. 34. 4. a Spanish Register Ship, from La Vera Cruz to Cadiz. July 2d, Lat. 39. 15. Long. 39. 44. the Sloop Three Brothers, belonging to Boston; and a Schooner, Capt. Jarvis, belonging to New-York, both Whalers; Captain Jarvis had made 100 barrels of Oil. July 18th, Lat. 40. 27. Long. 63. 9. the Ship Betsey, from Virginia, bound to London. July 19, Lat. 39. 33. Long. 64. 23. the Brig Polly, Capt. J. Turpin, from Portsmouth, for Dominica, and the Brig Betsey, Capt. William Wood, from Virginia, bound to Lisbon.

With Capt. Coupar came the following Passengers, viz. Mr. Dickson, Mr. Hallam, Mr. Brown, Mr. Barrow, Mr. Abbot and Son, Mr. Standish, Mr. Kelley, Mr. Berrien, Mr. William Long, Mr. and Mrs. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Bates, Mr. Murray, Mr. Balls, and Mr. Beachy.

ARRIVALS.

At Dover,	Sufanna, Thomson,	from Georgia
Cruz,	Ruffia Merchant, Clarkson,	North-Carolina
	Hopewell, Ab,	Ditto
Deal,	The Providence, Garret,	Ditto
Portsmouth,	Concord, Brown,	Carolina
Gravesend,	Carolina Packet, Turner,	South-Carolina
Compore,	Falmouth, M'Whae,	Ditto
Amsterdam,	Trials, Plafet,	Ditto
Gravesend,	Thomas, Calahan,	Ditto
Liverpool,	Constant Couple, Coleman,	Ditto

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Sloop Betsey, D. Lovett; Charming Polly, R. Lawton; and Hope, W. Russell, from Rhode-Island; Dove, D. Ferguson; and Charlotte, J. Wood, Philadelphia; Providence Packet, W. Chambers, New-Providence; Paolo, E. Colling; and Dolphin, P. Lafite, Hispaniola; Sally, J. White; and Schooner Charming Polly, T. Pugh, North Carolina. Ship Samson, H. Coupar, London; Daniel, R. Bryson, New-Castle; Prince of Wales, C. McKensie, New-Castle on Delaware; Snow Hope, G. Holmes, White Haven. Brig Greyhound, C. Dyer, Virginia.

FOR LONDON,

The SHIP SAMSON, HENRY COUPAR, Master;

Lying at Murray's Wharf. A 6 neat accommodations for Passengers; will be dispatched in a short time; having a great part of her cargo ready to put on board. For freight or passage apply to John Franklin, Samuel Franklin, or said master.

July 29th, 1773.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, near the New Dutch-church, New-York, two Irish servant women, the one named Ann Miller, of a swarthy complexion, black hair, and a black beard on her upper lip, about twenty five or thirty years old; had on when she went away, a black petticoat, and a flowered linen bed gown, with the flowers with'd almost white, a white linen handkerchief about her neck, and took with her a blue and white small striped linen gown, a blue and white broad striped homespun petticoat, blue worsted stockings, and old leather shoes.—The other Elizabeth Curry, about eighteen years old, of a fair complexion, freckled in the face, fair hair, had on a broad blue and white homespun petticoat, and a cotton bed gown, of a red ground, a diamond figure, a dark checkered silk handkerchief about her neck, no cloak, hat, or cap on her head; and took with her a common India linen gown, black and redish brown spotted figure with small check aprons each, leather shoes and some other things. 'Tis supposed they went off with Mr. Henry Uffels two nailers, that went off the same time towards Kin-sbridge, or the iron works in the Jerseys. Any person that will apprehend the said runaway, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid them; and all persons are forewarned not to harbour or conceal them, or any master of vessels to carry them off, at their peril.

ALEXANDER LESLIE.

TO BE SOLD,

A Few Casks of excellent bottled PORTER, just arrived from London, in the Ship Samson, Captain Coupar. Inquire of Mr. Lewis, Tavern-keeper, between Beckman's and Burling's-Slip, or of the Printer.

GENUINE LISBON WINE

In Pipes and Quarter Casks, To be SOLD by JOHN L O N G, Near the BATTERY, or by SHAW & LONG,

At their STORE, between Burling and Beckman's Slips; Who have IMPORTED, In the Snow Peggy, Captain Cummings, from Liverpool, and the last Vessel from England,

A LARGE and general assortment of carthen and glass ware, which they will dispose of, wholesale or retail, on such terms as, they doubt not, will give satisfaction to the purchaser; likewise the following articles:

Madeira wine, in pipes, quarts, or casks, or Tensif ditto	Spirits Rum Brandy Geneva Hyson, green, and black tea Coffee Chocolate Best French ball whitening, for white-washing.
Claret in bottles	
Porter by the hamper or dozen	
Double and single refined leaf sugar	
Lump ditto	
Muscovado ditto	

N. B. Empty Quart Bottles in 12 dozen hamper, at fifty fillings per hamper.

NOEL and HAZARD

Have this day imported, in the Samson, Captain Coupar, from London,

A LARGE assortment of books and stationary ware; family bibles, very neat pocket bibles, and common prayer books, elegantly bound in red, blue, and green morocco, with a set of fine cuts lately engraved by Ravenett, Grignon, and others; also cheap bibles and testaments, with a variety of small histories, and other books, suitable for country stores.

The new PUBLICATIONS are: THE second Volume of Junius's Letters; Baret's Introduction to the European Languages; Hurd's Introduction to the Study of the Prophecies; The Life of Theodore Agrippa D'Aubigny; A Tour to London, or new Observations on England; Northcote's Anatomy; Stoddard's Antiquities of Greece.

They have likewise just opened the following: Tiffet on Health, ditto on Oganism, Whytt on the Nerves, Dimdale on Inoculation, Barclay's Apology, Mosheim's Ecclesiastical History, the Book of Homilies, Greenwood's Royal English Grammar, the most displayed, the Wonders of Art and Nature, Douglass's Summary, Cooper's complete Dictioner, &c. &c. &c.

Also, Paper Macher, Message, Visiting, and Compliment Cards.

N. B. Just come to Hand from Philadelphia, the Third Vol. of Blackstones Commentaries, for which the Subscribers are desired to send.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, living in New-York, on the Morning of Tuesday the 28th Instant, an Apprentice Boy, named JOHN MARKLAND, between 16 and 17 Years old, about 5 Feet 3 Inches high, black curled Hair, and of a pale Complexion; was seen on board the Snow Lord Stanley, Capt. Strickland, the Morning he went away, and as he has not been since seen in this City, 'tis imagined he is gone in the said Vessel to the Island of Jamaica, where he will endeavour no doubt to work at the Printing Business, to which he has been brought up: He is a fly artful Fellow: He had on when he went away, a blue jacket and Trowsers, but took with him a Suit of blue Broad-Cloth. The Subscriber will be much obliged to all the Printers in America, to publish this Advertisement in their Papers, and transmit the same to Jamaica, as soon as convenient, with a Request that the Printers there may also publish the same. The above Reward will be paid by HUGH GAINE.

N. B. Wanted, two sober good Presb-Men, for the Printing Business. Inquire of Hugh Gaine.

T H I S is to certify the publick, that I Bartly Clarke of South-Carolina, planter, having been afflicted with that terrible distemper the cancer, in my lip, for the space of fifteen years, under the care of several eminent physicians, which has cost me a large sum of money, but to no purpose, until I was recommended to that famous doctor Kemmens, now living in Maiden-Lane, in the city of New-York—by Capt. Charles Chadwick of New-London, who was cured of the like distemper by him, almost three years ago; all which time he was persuading me to apply to this doctor Kemmens, until I consented, and am now effectually cured; which was done in the space of four weeks, by the application of his famous plaster; in which time I have also seen three different persons cured of the cancer by him.—The names of whom, are Daniel Davis of Satacut, on Long-Island, who had his whole under lip taken away, and in the space of a fortnight closed it up with sound flesh, so that it scarcely left a scar.—Likewise Captain Rite of Bermuda, and Mrs. Nancy Curshaw of Long Island, who, I am able to testify, were effectually cured: But, as the publick is greatly injured by the report of some malicious persons, who say that the cancer taken out by the said doctor Kemmens returns again, which I have heard also; but, I am able to prove it to be false; and if any person will take the trouble to call upon me at the house of doctor Kemmens, (during my stay, which will be until Sunday the second day of August) I shall fully satisfy him of what I have here asserted, and then shall return home (God willing) effectually cured. Therefore, out of regard for the publick, and to do justice to the doctor, I recommend all persons to him that are afflicted with such distemper.

BARTLY CLARKE.

New-York, July 30, 1773.

Just imported and to be SOLD by GREG, CUNNINGHAM, and Co. A large Assortment of IRISH LINENS,

from 10d. to 8s. Currency per Yard; THEY have also for sale, callicoon, taffetas, Perlians, Manchester checks, velvets, garters, bed bunts, Scotch handkerchiefs, lawns, tartans, copper sheets and bottoms of all sizes; English canvas, No. 2 to 8 Russia duck, Bristol bottled beer and cider, pepper, white stone and Queen's ware in crates, writing paper, shot, Dutch soapburgs, Irish sheeting.—And a few barrels of oatmeal.

L I K E W I S E

Irish Beef, Pork and Butter. 43 46

JAMES RIVINGTON

Has imported in the Ship Samson, Captain Coupar, which arrived, on Monday, from London,

THE second and last Volume of Junius's Letters

A Tour to London, by Grotby

Dr. Hurd on the Prophecies, and his elegant edition of Absalom Cowley's Works

Norcott's Anatomy

Riccioboni's Letters

The Life of D'Aubigny

Goldsmith's Roman and English Histories

Gibbs's, Morris's, and other Books on Architecture

The Edinburgh Medical Observations

The Marquis de Beccari on Punishments

Bailey's Dictionary, a new Edition

The American Negotiator

Burke on the Sublime and Beautiful

Willson's Surveying

Church, Family, and School Bibles, and Common Prayer-Books

Whytt's Works—and on the Nerves

The Circle of the Sciences

Peregrine Pickle, Emily Montagu, and an Hundred other Novels

Tristram Shandy, a cheap Edition

Yorick's Sermons, and all Stern's inimitable Writings

Johnson's Dictionary

Lord Kaim's political Essays touching the Colonies, &c. also his Elements of Criticism.

Judge Blackstone's Analysis and his Commentaries on the Laws of England

Lord Lyttleton's Letters on the History of England

Sheridan's Lectures on Elocution

Young Misses' and young Ladies' Magazine

Barrington's Observations on the Statutes

Davis's, Forster's, Vernon's, and Strange's Reports, low priced

A large Collection of Law Books, new and second hand, very cheap Editions

The most excellent Gold Scales and Weights, corrected and warranted from the Bank, highly finished, Price 40s.

The Queen's Rappee and high toast snuff

A parcel of fresh neat Gentlemen's Gloves

An Assortment of playing Cards, unusually low priced

With elegant Jewelry and Jewellers Articles, with Chapes, Tongues, Silver and Steel Top Thimbles, &c. &c.

Maps of the World and Four Quarters, on Rollers, with a Variety of low priced Pictures for framing, and a complete Apparatus of every article for Drawing and Painting

Books of Instructions and Ornaments for Painters, &c. &c. All the Magazines to the time of shipping

And a great Variety of other Articles, of which printed Catalogues will be soon delivered.

MACHINE to dress FLOUR.

THE King has been pleased to grant unto JOHN MILNE, of Manchester, his royal letters patent, for all his colonies in America, &c. for the sole making and vending his new invented machines, for the dressing the flour of wheat, &c. which machines are found to be of great utility by all persons who have them in use; they not only make the flour look better, but also make it use better, as they make it more lively, and will dispatch three times as much business, in the same time, as the common method of bolting with cloths, and they will do that business at one operation, which, to be done with cloths, requires several, for they will dress fine flour, two seconds and three seconds, and clean the bran at one operation; or they may make two sorts, or only one sort of flour, by moving the partitions within the box just as the person pleases who attends it; and considering their duration are much cheaper than cloths. Also, his new invented machines for cleaning wheat, barley, &c. which takes out seeds, dust, &c. and will break and destroy smut-balls, and give a brightness and lustre to the grain.

The said machines are to be sold by JOHN MILNE and Co. at their house in Manchester; or by applying to James Milne (son of the said John Milne) who is now at Mr. Needham's, opposite Peck's-Slip, New-York.

Just IMPORTED, in the last Vessels from England,

A fresh COLLECTION of the abovementioned

M A C H I N E S.

To the PUBLICK.

HAVING had an experience of Mr. Milne's new invented patent machines, for bolting flour and cleaning wheat, at my mill, where they are now to be seen at work, at Long-Island, I think it my duty to declare, that they are a curious, expeditious, and elegant contrivance, and what, in my opinion, will answer every purpose for which they are designed, and likewise be of great service to the publick.

JACOB SEEBING, Junr.

To the PUBLICK.

I THINK it incumbent on me, for the good of the community, and particularly of those who are manufacturers of flour, that upon trial I have found Mr. Milne's machine answer the purpose of bolting, for which they are intended, infinitely better than the old method of doing it with cloths, as they really bolt three times as quick without the least exaggeration, and are a very ingenious contrivance.

Fifth-hill, Dutchess county, DERICK BRINCKENOFF.

July 25, 1773.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Harrison's Purchase, in the township of Rye, and county of West-Chester, on the 25th day of July instant, a Negro man named P L A T O, about twenty-eight years old, a black, short, thick fellow; has had the small-pox: Had on and took with him, a homespun blue and white coat, a new felt hat and an old one, two new tow shirts, a pair of new long tow trowsers, and two pair of old shoes. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him so that his master may have him again, shall receive Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me.

NATHAN FIELD.

POET'S CORNER.

—To turn the Penny, once, a Wit
Upon a curious Fancy hit;
Hung out a Board, on which he boasted,
Dinner for THREE Pence, sold and roasted!
The hungry read, and in they trip,
With eager Eye and smacking Lip:
"Here, bring this boll'd and roasted, pray!"
—Enter Potatoes—drest'd each Way:
All star'd, and rose, the House forsook,
The Dinner damn'd, and kick'd the Cook.
The Landlord found (poor Patrick Kelly)
There was no jelling with the Belly.

CHEAP FOR CASH,
COUNTRY PRODUCE, OF SHORT CREDIT, by
JOHN WATSON,

At his Store, in Horse and Cart-Street, next Door to Mr. Abraham De la No's, the following Articles, viz.
SUPERFINE yard wide
Irish linen
Coarse yard wide, and 7-8
ditto
Cambricks and lawns
Cat-guts, gauzes & mino-
ettes
Damask table-cloths and
clouting diaper
Chintzes, cottons, calicoes,
and copper-plate printed
linens
Durants, tammies, calamen-
coes, and double fold fluffs.
Silk Damascus & do. Lorette.
Striped plain cambricks and
gracets
Striped and flowered kenting
handkerchiefs.
Black and coloured Barcelona
and Cullgee ditto
Plain gauze ditto
Printed cotton and check do.
Apron yard wide and 7-8
cotton and linen checks
Plain and laid cravats
Striped holland and tickens
Peelings, farinets, and per-
fians

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

FOR disposing of a House and Lot of Ground now in the possession of William Ellsworth, which lottery consists of 1900 tickets, at three dollars per ticket, 1448 blanks and 452 prizes, the highest of which is the house and lot of ground above-mentioned, situate in the east ward of this city, in Queen-Street, near Burling's Slip, rents at 70 pounds a year and the taxes; valued at 1400 pounds by the sworn appraisers of this city. As a blank deed is already made out, the adventurers may be assured that the fortunate number which shall draw the house and lot of ground, shall be put into possession as soon as the lottery is drawn (subject to no deduction) which will begin on Wednesday the 29th day of July instant; when the fortunate numbers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes punctually paid.

WILLIAM ELLSWORTH.
Some Tickets may be had of the Printer hereof.

LITTLE BERN-ISLAND.

To be sold at public Auction, on Wednesday the 23d of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, in the City of New-York;

THAT very valuable Island, called Little Bern-Island, belonging to the estate of Mr. St. George Talbot, deceased, situate opposite to New-Harlem church, in the out-ward of this city, containing upwards of one hundred acres of land and meadow; the land is very good, and produces excellent grain of all sorts; the orchard abounds with good apples for market or cider, of which fifty barrels may be made yearly; a large quantity of the best of English hay may be annually cut, and an immense quantity of salt hay can be made, sufficient to supply the whole neighbourhood, who come to take it off the meadows at their own expense: It has a great advantage of manure from the fedge which lodges on the shore, of which hundreds of loads may be taken up, at no expense: It abounds with wild fowl, as ducks, geese, pigeons, quails, &c. in their season, and has the advantage of a fine seine fishery, and black fish, oysters, lobsters, &c. There is on it a large house with four very convenient rooms on a floor, and a large entry, a very good barn, in good repair, a well, and a very fine spring of water, and a house near the landing fit for an overseer; being in the vicinity of New York, the produce may be brought to the Fly-market with the tide of ebb, and the flood will waft the craft home. This most valuable place, with little expense, may be made an agreeable feat for a gentleman, or a profitable one for a farmer; the purchaser to take possession the 25th day of March next.

On Wednesday the 30th of September next, at 12 o'clock, at the same place, will be sold at public action, that most excellent Farm at King's-Bridge, now in the possession of Mr. Sampson Dyckman, and the meadows thereunto belonging, with the large house, barn, kitchen, and all other improvements; it has a very good garden and orchard with the best of fruits, such as apples, pears, &c. and is the most frequented and noted house on this island for travellers who pass Prince's-Bridge; it has the advantage of mowing a large quantity of salt hay, &c. in the spring it abounds with most excellent bass, shad and herrings, and crabs and oysters most part of the year are caught in great abundance; in short it is the most convenient spot for a tavern-keeper to make his fortune in a few years, or any on this island; the purchaser may take possession the first of October next.

Conditions of sale for both the above places, may be seen at JOHN LIVINGSTON'S, in Broad-Street.
New-York, 24th July, 1772.

Wanted immediately,
A Young Man qualified to act as a Tutor
in a Gentleman's Family.—Inquire at
the Custom-House. 41 44

John Keating,
AT HIS
PAPER MANUFACTORIES,
At and near New-York, makes

ALL sorts of paper and paste
board, viz.
Brown, whitened brown, } Waste or wrapping paper, different
Blue, and grey } sizes,
Purple sugar loaf, } Paper
Cartridge and press }
Printing and writing paper of various sorts and sizes
Paste board of all qualities and sizes
Which are to be sold at the lowest prices, at his store in
Queen-Street, near Burling's Slip, where he gives the best
prices for Linen Rags, according to their quality and fine-
ness.
When it is considered that the above paper and other ar-
ticles manufactured here, make a clear saving to this country
or all the money that would have been sent out to purchase
them from abroad, it is hoped that all those who really wish
to promote the interest of America, and of this country in
particular, with which their own interest is closely connect-
ed, will contribute their aid, to the success of this undertak-
ing, which cannot be effectually done without a constant care
in saving and supplying him with those linen rags, which
are generally destroyed or thrown away as useless, tho' they
are absolutely necessary to a paper manufactory, which can-
not be carried on without them.
To add to the difficulty of procuring a sufficiency of rags,
considerable quantities have been collected here and sent to
other colonies, whereby their manufactories have been sup-
plied, to the injury of our own, with this material article:
And tho' the legislature have not yet thought proper to pro-
hibit the exportation of it, yet it is hoped a due regard
to their own interest will incline the inhabitants of this
country to supply a manufactory among themselves, pre-
ferably to those of another colony.
N. B. Good encouragement will be given to journey-
men paper-makers. 33—

READING.

WHEREAS his Majesty by his letters
patent under the great seal of the province of New-
York, hath granted to certain persons therein named, ALL
that certain tract or parcel of land known by the name of
READING, situate, lying and being on the west side of Con-
necticut river, in the county of Cumberland, within the
province of New-York, beginning at the south west corner
of a certain tract of land erected into a township by letters
patent under the great seal of the province of New-York,
by the name of WINDSOR, and runs thence north 74 de-
grees west, 480 chains; then north 12 degrees, east 557
chains; then south, 65 degrees, east 440 chains, to the
north west corner of the said township of Windsor; and
then along the west-bounds of the said township of Wind-
sor, south, 6 degrees, west 494 chains, to the place where
this tract or parcel of land began; containing (inclusive of
a certain lot of 300 acres reserved to his Majesty, and of
certain lots therein granted for public uses) 22,300 acres of
land, and the usual allowance for highways; and hath erected
the same into a township by the name of READING. And
whereas a grant of the same tract of land was heretofore
pretended to be made, by a certain instrument under the great
seal of the province of New Hampshire, unto Zedekiah Stone,
James Clemmons, Jonas Butterfield, Joseph Martin, Joseph
Stowell, Michael Metcalf, James Putnam, Jonas Wheeler, John
Wilson, Caleb Stone, William Negas, David Stone, Tharp
Adams, Elijah Mattoon, Seth Heaton, Ebeneser Winslow,
Joseph Chandler, Nahum Willard, Daniel Pond, Jacob
Amidell, Wifeman Clagget, Samuel Wentworth, of Port-
smouth, Robert Trail, Esq. Joshua Willard, Thomas Clem-
mons, Israel Stowell, Jonathan Hammond, William
Grimes, Nathan Stone, William Jafeson Stearns, Jacob
Adams, John Sawyer, John Wilder, Jun. John Hilton,
Joseph Negas, Nathaniel Stevens, Philip Mattoon, Jonathan
Sunderfon, David Nimes, Simon Stevens, Jonathan Pres-
cott, John Wait, Joel Stone, Timothy Heald, George Rob-
inson, John Wilder, Joseph Stowell, William Smeed, Na-
thaniel Sunderfon, Daniel Spooner, Thomas Stearnes, Wil-
liam Temple, Timothy Paine, Isaac Butterfield, Henry
Hilton, Capt. Thomas Palmer, Samuel Wentworth, of Bos-
ton, Henry Lloyd, Boston, Arthur Brown, Jun. George
March, Daniel Warner, Esq. and Joseph Newmarch, Esq.
and to be erected into a township of that province by the
name of READING:—And whereas it is intended that all
persons interested in any of the said lands under the said pre-
tended grant, (except as is herein after excepted) should,
upon the terms, and under the provisions herein after men-
tioned, be enabled to obtain a good title to their several
shares and interests therein, under the grant thereof issued
under the great seal of the province of New-York,—PUB-
LIC NOTICE is therefore hereby given to all the persons
above named, to whom the said pretended grant was origi-
nally made, as aforesaid; and to all other persons respec-
tively possessed of, or interested in any of the said land, by,
from, or under any of them, that all and singular their fev-
eral interests respectively, in the said tract of land under
the said pretended grant, shall be confirmed to them respec-
tively, under the said grant thereof made as aforesaid un-
der the great seal of the province of New-York, (except
the share formerly allotted to Benning Wentworth, Esquire,
containing the 300 acres reserved to his Majesty, as aforesaid)
provided they apply for the same respectively, to the
subscriber Nathan Stone, of Windsor, in the said county
of Cumberland, Esquire, within one year after this notifica-
tion, paying to him their respective proportions of all fees,
charges, and disbursements, with the lawful interest thereof,
which hath or shall arise, or grow due by reason of the iss-
uing out the said letters patent; together with the costs and
charges of the deeds and conveyances to be made to them
respectively.
New-York, 24th June, 1772.

NATHAN STONE.

NOTICE to the PUBLIC,
THAT THE
UNIVERSAL STORE
OF
GERARDUS DUYPCHINCK,

At the Sign of the
LOOKING GLASS and DRUGGIST POT,
IS removed to his Dwelling-
House, next hut one from the Corner of the Old Ship,
now occupied by Henry Will, Pewterer, having also re-
placed the Sign of the LOOKING GLASS and DRUGGIST
POT, from thence back of his said Dwelling-House, in Lit-
tle Dock Street, between the Widow Duyckinck and Richard
Ten Eyck, Baker, being one and the same Store, running
back from Street to Street.

He has imported from London and Bristol, in the last Vessels,
A large Assortment of GOODS,
such as have not been imported to this City before,—be-
ing a curious Assortment of valuable Goods, viz.

Looking Glasses, Sconces and Dref-

sing Glasses;
Pictures of all Sizes and Sorts,
particular capital Prints which cost for engraving from one to
three hundred Guineas.

China and cut white Flint Glafs,

A large and beautiful Assortment.

A L S O,

A large Assortment of DRUGS,

With every Article connected therewith:

And also in those sundry Branches, as

PAINTERS and LIMNERS COLOURS,

DYERS and FULLERS COLOURS,

WINDOW GLASS of all Sizes,

With COACH and PLATE GLASS.

FOUNDERS and SMELTERS ARTICLES,

JEWELLERS STONES, &c.

HATTERS TRIMMINGS;

Table Knives and Forks, a complete Assortment.

London and hard Metal PEWTER,

SHEET LEAD,

Ditto Brass, } In Boxes,

Ditto Copper, } Rolls, and

Ditto Tin, } Bundles.

Ditto Iron,

STEEL of different Sizes and Marks,

NAILS and Shot of all Sizes.

WRITING PAPER all Sizes.

Also, an Assortment of

Paper Hangings and Carpeting.

DISTILLERS ARTICLES.

SPICERY.—SNUFFS.

And a Variety of other Articles for Country Stores, and the Army,

too tedious to mention, which he will dispose of on the most rea-
sonable Terms. —6

IMPORTED in the last vessels from

London, a large assortment of jewellery of the newest

and newest fashions: also best plated buckles, best and com-
mon pinchbeck do. steel chains and sword do. enamel'd
and paper snuff boxes, tooth pick cases, plated spurs, steel
cork screws, black and red lead pencils, best and common
hard metal screw buttons, &c. to be sold by

BENNETT and DIXON,

JEWELLERS, GOLDSMITHS and LAPIDARIES,

From LONDON;

Who make Ladies set shoe buckles, ear-rings, aigrets,
sprigs and hair pins, seals, necklaces, combs, crosses and
lockets, sleeve buttons and bracelets, &c. gentlemen's set shoe
knee and stock buckles; seals, brooches, buttons and rings,
&c. The above articles done in the newest and best manner,
and sold as cheap as in London, wholesale and retail.

N. B. Mourning rings, plain or set, with any kind of
stone with hair work'd in landscape, sprigs, plates or any
device required, with the utmost expedition; likewise cut,
rubies, sapphires, topaz, amethyst, garnet, crystal, &c.
Fossils and stones of all sorts for jewellers. 13 84

Most money for old gold, silver, and clear crystal.

Two prentices are wanted to the above business.

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very dark."

Extract of a letter fr
away on the coast of
1772, to his parents
February 2, 1772.

"I arrived here on
the Jew Lason Salem,
where I believe all the
are; the only raiment
fourths of a yard of
my food parched barley

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the COFFEE-HOUSE;
Where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth
are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

[Left out of our last for want of Room.]
L O N D O N.

April 30. Sir Joseph York attended the Levee at St. James's yesterday, for the first time since his arrival from the Hague, and afterwards his Excellency had the honour of a conference with his Majesty.

Yesterday morning Mr. King, one of his Majesty's messengers, arrived at the Earl of Rochford's office, with an express from Copenhagen, but the contents have not yet transpired; however, it is conjectured they confirm the Queen's sentence to be perpetual imprisonment.

MAY 5.

The following changes are now talked of, viz. the Duke of St. Alban's to be Lord Privy Seal in the room of the Duke of Grafton, who is to resign; Lord Hertford to be master of the horse, in the room of the Duke of Ancester; and the Hon. Charles Fox to succeed Lord Hertford, as Lord Chamberlain.

We are assured that the select Committee made to day the first report concerning India affairs to the house, nearly in the following words:—"That the resolution in favour of Meer Jaffer in 1757 was advantageous to the Company, and useful to this nation; but that the means by which it was effected were to the last degree corrupted, mean, wicked, and disgraceful."

The account given by Sir Eyre Coote of the battle of Plassey, before the Committee, was highly laughable and ludicrous. It seems that in this action, from which the heaven-born Clive derived so much wealth and honour, there were only eight men killed; a flock of sheep, running in between the lines, prevented blood-shed, by raising a panic in the gallant General's mind, who took them to be Morattes, through the smoke. The sheep, however, did not occasion a total rout, being discovered soon, by the bleating of some lambs, who advanced in the rear of this terrible column. Suraja Dowlat was, in the mean time, struck with a similar panic, on account of the desertion and villany of Meer Jaffer, and fled; Clive, extricating himself from the sheep, advanced like a gallant officer to Muxedavat. The poor Nabob was taken, as he was attempting to cross the Ganges, and brought to Clive, who gave him up to be butchered by the villain Meer Jaffer's son. But all this was for the public good.

The following anecdote is talked of in the neighbourhood of St. James's, but with what truth we do not venture to acquaint our readers:—"The sons of a Great Personage lately playing together, one of them was ordered to be beheaded in jest; the Great Personage coming by just as the lovely delinquent was proceeding with much solemnity to the place of mock execution, he enquired what the matter was, to which the eldest replied, "I am ordering his head to be cut off for marrying without my consent." The King—upon this asked if the punishment was not more than equal to the offence. "Why Papa (returned the P---) the offence is merely what I choose to think it, and it is more just to punish the criminal himself, than his innocent posterity." The Great Personage walked away seemingly disconcerted; and desired that such foolish plays might be discontinued for the future.

Extract of a letter from our board Admiral Harland's ship, dated Madras, Oct. 4.

"I must speak well of the time keepers since I owe it to them; for in our run from the Cape of Good Hope to Madagascar, which is not 600 leagues, we were more than 60 out in our reckoning, so deceiving are the currents in that navigation: It is chiefly longitude we run upon, and we should never have thought of altering the course for the night, had it not been for the time-keepers; they were three degrees (just equal to our miscalculation) a-head of the ship, at the time we were to resolve to regard or disregard them. I must own that at first we inclined more to our own reckoning, notwithstanding which we took the prudent part, and when dark, tacked the squadron with a sort of ill-will, looking upon it as so much time lost, and stood a contrary way to divide the night. No land appeared to us then, but in two hours after we made the south end of Madagascar, and standing upon the same course we had steered the day before (and most certainly should have steered in the night, were it not for the time-keepers) we drew close with the land, which is so badly laid down in the charts that we found near five points difference by the compass in its lying. In working the course and distance, after making the land, we found that if we had continued our course, we had been ashore by three o'clock in the morning, or at least entangled with difficulties, as the night was very dark."

Extract of a letter from Mr. John Downward, captain of the coast of Barbary, the 2nd of March 1773, to his parents in Liverpool, dated St. Cruz, February 2, 1773.

"I arrived here only two days ago, bought by the Jew Lason Salem, for the King of Barbary, where I believe all the rest of our ship's company are; the only raiment allowed me is about three fourths of a yard of check, half a yard wide, my food parched barley, and water once a day; in

this miserable state I lived five months. After five months, I was brought to the market, and sold to another Moor for 81, 130. 4d. sterling (the price of slaves there) Mr. Walbrond, being informed of an Englishman being here, sent me a letter to comfort me, informing me he would do his endeavour to redeem me; the King ordered him at his peril to purchase me, as he would purchase me himself, (which he has done) and I am to proceed either to the King of Morocco, or Megrator, three more days journey north. The merchant I am now with informs me it would be proper, and a speedy means, for you and your friends to write to the Governor of Gibraltar, who, on the arrival of the letters, will send a courier to his Majesty to deliver the Christians into his hands."

Extract of a letter from Dundee, March 23.

"The poor in this part of the country are so much distressed for want of the common necessities of life, that we are under dreadful apprehensions that there will be a great deal of mischief done by the mobs, who begin to go from place to place, to plunder the engrossing farmers; and last Saturday they went to one M'Donnald's, who lives between this place and Perth, who had his granaries full of corn, which they forced open, and every man filled his sack; but before they carried it off, they paid what they thought was a sufficient price for it, but not half what the farmer intended to have sold it at."

A letter from Constantinople, dated March 19, says, "a squadron is fitting out to oppose the enemy's projects in the Black Sea, and several thousand workmen are sent to the straits of Constantinople, to repair the forts and to erect new batteries and entrenchments, in order to make those straits as formidable as the Dardanelles. His Highness has entered into contract with several merchants of different nations, to furnish his capital with provisions, and foreign vessels are daily arriving here with them; so that there is at present sufficient in the magazines for the support of an army."

An edict was published at Copenhagen the 4th instant, by his Danish Majesty, strictly commanding, upon severe penalties therein mentioned, the immediate return of such of his subjects as are mariners, and in the service of foreign powers.

CHARLES-TOWN, (South Carolina) June 18.

Upon the Decease of John Hughes, Esq; late Collector of his Majesty's Customs for this Port, the Right Hon. Lord Charles Greville Montagu, Governor in Chief, &c of this Province, was pleased to appoint Roger-Pater Handyside Hatley, Esq; to succeed Mr. Hughes.—Last Week George Roupell, Esq; received a Deputation from the Board of Commissioners at Boston, appointing him to that Office: On Wednesday, the 10th instant, after taking the usual Oath, before James Simpson, Esq; he took Possession of it, and did Business. Upon the Governor's Return from the Frontiers, His Excellency was pleased to direct Mr. Hatley to resume the Duties of his Office, under the Commission that had been given him. Mr. Roupell looked upon his appointment to be a legal one, refused to give up the Office, and both Collectors did Business as they were applied to, each disputing the legal Authority of the other, and Mr. Roupell that of the Governor. Some Councils have been held upon this Question: in consequence whereof, on Tuesday Mr. Roupell was suspended, and Mr. Hatley received a new Commission. Both Collectors again did Business Yesterday, and Mr. Roupell kept the Office Seal. In the Afternoon Mr. Hatley put an additional Lock to the Door, which this Morning was broken off, and thrown away, and Mr. Roupell does the Business. John Morris, Esq; Comptroller is also suspended, for refusing any other Collector than Mr. Roupell: But as these Gentlemen seem determined to act, notwithstanding their Suspension, it remains now to be determined at Home, whether the Governors in their respective Provinces, or the Board of Commissioners at Boston, have the superior Authority to fill up casual Vacancies in the Customs.—This being a new and extraordinary Dispute, we thought it our Duty to give the Public the best Information we have been able to procure relative thereto, without designing to give Offence to any of the Parties.

G U E U B E L,

COACH PAINTER and GILDER,

At the Upper End of New-Street, near the City-Hall,

Paints all SORTS of

Flowers, Coats of Arms, &c.

IN THE NEATEST MANNER. 40-42

General Post-Office, New-York, July 9, 1793.

NOTICE is hereby given, that for the commercial Interest of the Inhabitants on both sides of Hudson's River, the Albany Post is ordered to ride alternately on each side of the said River; setting out from hence so, and returning from Albany one Week on the East side, and the next Week on the West side.

By Command of the Deputy Post-Master General,
ALEXANDER GOLDEN, Sec'y.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Number of Tickets of the Second New-Castle Lottery, which in this City, is so considerable, that they will be certainly sold by the First Day of August: And the Sale of the Tickets sent to other Places is so far advanced, that none will be desired for sale here, after that Day: therefore such as intend to become Adventurers are desired to apply in Time, as it is positively determined to close the Sale here by the first of August.

New-York, July 15, 1793.

THE SECOND NEW-CASTLE LOTTERY, ON DELAWARE.

FOR raising the Sum of Three Thousand Six Hundred Pounds, New-York Currency for the Benefit of the United PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES in the City of New-York, the SECONDO CHURCH in the said City, and the PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH in Richmond County.

THE S C H E M E.			
Number of Prizes.	Value of each.	Value of each.	Dollars.
1 Prize of 4000	4000	4000	4000
1 Ditto of 2000	2000	2000	2000
2 Do. of 1000	1000	1000	2000
5 Do. of 500	500	500	2500
10 Do. of 200	200	200	2000
20 Do. of 100	100	100	2000
30 Do. of 50	50	50	1500
70 Do. of 20	20	20	1400
410 Do. of 10	10	10	4100
4349 Prizes, 1000 Blanks.			39800
First drawn,			100
Last drawn,			100

20,000 Tickets, at 5 Dollars each, are 100,000

Net one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize.

IT is with sincere Gratitude the United Presbyterian Congregation in the City of New-York, acknowledge the Favour of the Public in filling the late New-Castle Lottery, which is now sold with the greatest Exactness, and it is with great Reluctance this new Scheme is offered to their Friendship; but at the great Proceeds arising to them from the first Lottery, full short of their Debt more than One Thousand Pounds, and their old Church stands in Need of Repair, and their new Church not yet finished, it is hoped these pressing Necessities will apologise for their second Application to their Benevolence.

The Presbyterian Congregation in New-York, called Seiders, labour under so heavy a Debt incurred by building their Church, that they must shortly sink under the Weight of it, unless speedily relieved in this or some other Way; and the Congregation in Richmond County has not had the Ordinances of the Gospel administered among them in a stated Way, in the Manner their Confessions direct them to Worship the God of their Fathers, since their first Foundation, nor are they able to support them without considerable Assistance, which is requested in this Method.—These Considerations it is hoped will induce the Benevolent to encourage this new Scheme, which is all more advantageous to the Adventurers than the first, as there is not quite one Blank and three Quarters to a Prize, and the lowest Prize are double the Value of the Ticket, which may draw Four Thousand One Hundred Dollars.

The following Gentlemen are appointed Managers, who are to be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed, viz. George Moore, Esq; David Finney, Esq; John Thompson, Esq; Nicholas Van Dyke, Esq; and Mr. Samuel Patterson, all of New-Castle County: And as there are a Number of Gentlemen of extensive Acquaintance and Influence who interest themselves in the Disposal of the Tickets, it is not doubted it will be completed by the first Day of August next, when the Drawing is to begin at the Town of New-Castle.

A List of the fortunate Numbers will either be published in the Boston, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, New-York, Philadelphia, and Charles-Town News-Papers, or carefully sent to those Places; and the Prizes will be paid, subject to a Deduction of Fifteen per Cent. by Messrs. David Vandoren, Nathaniel Hazard, John Murray, William Neilson, Walter Buchanan, John Morison, Samuel Broome, and Co. and John Brown, Merchants in New-York; by Doctors John Cochran, in New-Brunswick; Robert Ogden, Esq; and Mr. J. B. Blanchard, Merchants in Elizabeth-Town; Messrs. Peter Chewell, John Boyard, and John Moss, Merchants in Philadelphia; and by proper Persons who shall hereafter be appointed, in all the other capital Towns on the Continent.

TICKETS are to be had from the Managers, and from Doctor John N. Kely, in Wilmington. Orders for Tickets left with any of the above named Gentlemen will be carefully forwarded.

FRANCIS LEWIS and Son,

Have brought over with them from England, A General Assortment of Goods, suitable for the Season; most of which they purchased immediately from the Manufacturers; and will sell at the most reasonable Terms, at their Store in Queen-Street, near the City-Market, lately occupied by Mr. John Morton.

WATCHES, HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN, CLOCK S,

ASTRONOMICAL, MUSICAL.

IS any ingenious Artificer (of Spirit) within 100 Miles, capable of making either, or a Thing in Imitation of either; that 'tis not worth a Dollar, 'twill be a wonderful Rarity.

Mr. J. M. N. E. T. boasts with Gratitude the abundant Favour of the Society, in Town and Country, which has been bestowed, and enable him to continue to reduce the Price of mending Work, which is very—very high.

Glasses, 21. Springs or Chains 6s. or 7s. Cleaning 2s. every particular Article in repairing at HALF Price, by J. SIMNET, Warren-Frictions, and Manufacturer, of London.

At the Black Dial, with a White Post, the low Stage, after the Office-House Bridge, New-York.

PUBLIC,
STORE

CHINCK,

UGGIST POT,

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corner of the Old Ship,

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ASS and DRUGGIST

Wellington-House, in Li-

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clear crystal.

above business.

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BITT DEANE.

to sell again.

York.

L D.

LEVY,

and old coat

very cheap, dear-

best brown martin-

skins, with sundry

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